

# **IRB Guidance:** Exempt Research Categories

Certain types of research may qualify for exemption according to federal regulations contained in 45 CFR 46.104(d). Exempt studies include research that involves no more than minimal risk and meets criteria specified by federal regulations. Depending on the research the IRB may determine that an informed consent process may be required. All submissions which are not granted exempt approval status must receive expedited or full committee review. Exempt review is completed by an IRB office member and/or the IRB Chair, and may be assigned to an IRB designated reviewer. The only type of interventions eligible for exempt review are benign behavioral interventions.

Researchers often interpret the word exempt to mean there is no IRB review needed. However, the IRB must initially review the project to determine if the research meets the criteria as exempt under the federal regulations

#### Exempt research categories are as follows:

- 1. Research conducted in established or commonly accepted educational settings that specifically involves normal educational practices that are not likely to adversely impact students' opportunity to learn required educational content or the assessment of educators who provide instruction. This includes most research on regular and special education instructional strategies, and research on the effectiveness of or the comparison among instructional techniques, curricula, or classroom management methods. This does not apply to research when the activities are introduced for the purpose of the research project.
- 2. Research that only includes *interactions* involving educational tests (cognitive, diagnostic, aptitude, achievement), survey procedures, interview procedures, or observation of public behavior (including visual or auditory recording) if at least one of the following criteria is met:
  - The information obtained is recorded by the investigator in such a manner that the identity of the human subjects cannot readily be ascertained, directly or through identifiers/codes (with a master key code are considered identifiable) linked to the subjects;
  - ii. Any disclosure of the human subjects' responses outside the research would not reasonably place the subjects at risk of criminal or civil liability or be damaging to the subjects' financial standing, employability, educational advancement, or reputation; or
  - iii. The information obtained is recorded by the investigator in such a manner that the identity of the human subjects can readily be ascertained, directly or through identifiers/codes (with a master key code are considered identifiable) linked to the subjects, and an IRB conducts a limited IRB review to make the determination required by 45 CFR 46.111(a)(7): "When appropriate, there are adequate provisions to protect the privacy of subjects and to maintain the confidentiality of data."
- 3. Research involving benign behavioral interventions in conjunction with the collection of information from an adult subject through verbal or written responses (including data entry) or audiovisual recording if the subject prospectively agrees (this is not the same as informed consent) to the intervention and information collection and at least one of the

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#### following criteria is met:

- The information obtained is recorded by the investigator in such a manner that the identity of the human subjects cannot readily be ascertained, directly or through identifiers linked to the subjects;
- ii. Any disclosure of the human subjects' responses outside the research would not reasonably place the subjects at risk of criminal or civil liability or be damaging to the subjects' financial standing, employability, educational advancement, or reputation; or
- iii. The information obtained is recorded by the investigator in such a manner that the identity of the human subjects can readily be ascertained, directly or through identifiers/codes (with mater key code are considered identifiable) linked to the subjects, and an IRB conducts a limited IRB review to make the determination required by 45 CFR 46.111(a)(7): "When appropriate, there are adequate provisions to protect the privacy of subjects and to maintain the confidentiality of data."

If the research involves deceiving the subjects regarding the nature or purposes of the research, this exemption is not applicable unless the subject authorizes the deception through a prospective agreement to participate in research in circumstances in which the subject is informed that he or she will be unaware of or misled regarding the nature or purposes of the research.

- 4. Secondary research for which consent is not required: Secondary research uses of <u>identifiable private</u> information or <u>identifiable</u> biospecimens, if at least one of the following criteria is met:
  - The identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens are <u>publicly</u> available;
  - ii. Information, which may include information about biospecimens, is recorded by the investigator in such a manner that the identity of the human subjects cannot readily be ascertained directly or through identifiers linked to the subjects, the investigator does not contact the subjects, and the investigator will not re-identify subjects or the provider and the investigator (See IRB Guidance: Medical Record/Chart Review)
  - iii. The research involves only information collection and analysis involving the investigator's use of identifiable health information (PHI) when that use is regulated under 45 CFR parts 160 and 164 ('HIPAA'), subparts A and E, for the purposes of "health care operations" or "research" as those terms are defined at 45 CFR 164.501 or for "public health activities and purposes" as described under 45 CFR 164.512(b) (See IRB Guidance: Medical Record/Chart Review); or

Note: Most prospective and retrospective medical record review research projects fall into this category. A consent process or a waiver of the consent process is not required, but a HIPAA authorization or a Waiver of HIPAA authorization is required

iv. The research is conducted by, or on behalf of, a Federal department or agency using government-generated or government-collected information obtained for non- research activities, if the research

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generates identifiable private information that is or will be maintained on information technology that is subject to and in compliance with section 208(b) of the E-Government Act of 2002, 44 U.S.C. 3501 note, if all of the identifiable private information collected, used, or generated as part of the activity will be maintained in systems of records subject to the Privacy Act of 1974, 5 U.S.C 522a, and if applicable, the information used in the research was collected subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, 44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.

- 5. Research and demonstration projects that are conducted or supported by a Federal department or agency, or otherwise subject to the approval of department or agency heads (or the approval of the heads of bureaus or other subordinate agencies that have been delegated authority to conduct the research and demonstration projects), and that are designed to study, evaluate, improve, or otherwise examine public benefit or service programs, including procedures for obtaining benefits or services under those programs, possible changes in or alternatives to those programs or procedures, or possible changes in methods or levels of payment for benefits or services under those programs. Such projects include, but are not limited to, internal studies by Federal employees, and studies under contracts or consulting arrangements, cooperative agreements, or grants. Exempt projects also include waivers of otherwise mandatory requirements using authorities such as sections 1115 and 1115A of the Social Security Act, as amended.
  - i. Each Federal department or agency conducting or supporting the research and demonstration projects must establish, on a publicly accessible Federal website or in such other manner as the department or agency head may determine, a list of the research and demonstration projects that the Federal department or agency conducts or supports under this provision. The research or demonstration project must be published on this list prior to commencing the research involving human subjects.
- 6. Taste and food quality evaluation and consumer acceptance studies:
  - i. If wholesome foods without additives are consumed, or
  - ii. If a food is consumed that contains a food ingredient at or below the level and for a use found to be safe, or agricultural chemical or environmental contaminant at or below the level found to be safe, by the Food and Drug Administration or approved by the Environmental Protection Agency or the Food Safety and Inspection Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

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